THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, N. C., NOVEMBER 21, 1862. NO. 10.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[REPORTED FOR THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

LATER FROM THE [illegible]—FREMONT AGAIN ON HIS LEGS—BRAGG AND THE GUERRILLAS—MOVEMENT TO BE MADE IN TENNESSEE—THE LONDON TIMES AND THE ALABAMA—COTTON, &c.

RICHMOND, Nov. 19.

Northern dates of the 16th have been received here. Fremont has been put in command of the Department of Washington City.

All able bodied negroes at Hampton and Fortress Monroe, have been sent to Washington.

A dispatch from Nashville says Bonerans intends to hang all guerillas and defies the threats of rebel retaliation.

A large amount of supplies will be massed at Nashville when the grand army of the West will move East Tennesseeward.

The steamer Adige has arrived at St. John's with English dates to the 6th. The London Times denies that any thing can attach to England touching the exploits of the steamer "Alabama."

Bright applauds Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation.

Sales of 15,000 bales of cotton at an advance of 2 to 3 pence.

CAUSE OF SECRETARY RANDOLPH'S RESIGNATION.

RICHMOND, Nov. 20.

The *Whig* says it has reason to conclude that the cause of Secretary Randolph's resignation was that he felt himself so fettered and hampered in his office as to be forced to the conclusion that he could be more useful in some other service.

FROM FREDERICKSBURG—SEDDON ACCEPTS, &c.

RICHMOND, Nov. 19.

The enemy had made no attempt to cross the river at Fredericksburg at noon to-day and have not yet occupied the town. No cannonading since Monday. Many of the inhabitants are leaving and the indications point to a battle before many days. The force of the enemy is not positively known but from observations made and statements of prisoners it is believed to be large. The people are all confident and in good spirits. It is understood that Seddon has accepted the appointment of Secretary of War.

[This message should have reached us in time for yesterday's paper, but was overlooked in the Richmond office.—ED. PROGRESS.

FROM FREDERICKSBURG—TRAIN FIRED AT, &c.

RICHMOND, Nov. 20.

When the train from Richmond was within a mile of Fredericksburg, this morning, the enemy opened fire upon it from the opposite side of the river, but without effect. They fired several shots with long range guns which were not replied to by our forces.

The general situation is unchanged and the enemy have not attempted to cross the river.

No news from our army.

From Eastern North Carolina.

For several days we are without any startling news from our coast. We learn that a skirmish occurred at or near Core Creek on Tuesday last, but we are without particulars. We hope that some of our friends at Kinston will keep us posted in reference to all army matters, not contraband, in that vicinity.

From Fredericksburg and Gordonsville.

We take the following from the *Examiner* of yesterday:

Our advices from Fredericksburg are to noon yesterday. The intelligence from that quarter is of highly important and interesting character, but most of it not proper for present publication. There has been no cannonading on either side since Monday night, but the enemy has been busy putting cannon into position on the Stafford Hills, opposite the town and for a mile above. Nothing is yet positively known of the enemy's strength, but from observations made on Tuesday night, and information from other sources, deemed authentic, nearly the whole Abolition army is believed to be concentrated at that point.

To the Members of the Legislature.

We shall have competent persons in each branch of the Assembly to report the proceedings, and the morning edition of the *Progress* will contain correct and faithful reports up to the adjournment on the previous evening. Besides the *Progress* will contain all the latest news from the army and elsewhere by telegraph and mail. The paper will be served to members at their lodgings, or placed on their desks at the Capitol, by leaving their names and subscription price at the office.

Two Editions a Day.

We shall publish two editions of the *Progress* every day except Sundays. The morning edition will be served to city subscribers by the carriers and sent to mail subscribers North and East, while the evening edition will be sent to subscribers in the West and sold on the streets.

HORSE POWER THRASHING MACHINES, BOLTING CLOTH AND MILL PECKS AT AUCTION.

WILL be sold on Tuesday, December 2d, 1862, at the store of C. N. McAdoo, Greensboro, Five very superior Thrashing Machines, Horse Powers, and Separators. These machines are of very superior quality, manufactured in Pennsylvania. We have sold a large number of them, all of which have given satisfaction. The Bolting Cloth is of the very best quality.

WILLIAM H. OLIVER & CO.,
Nov 20-1m* Formerly of Newbern, N. C.

FOR HIRE FOR CITY PURPOSES.

A FINE city carriage can be had at all hours. E. A. WHITAKER.

COMMERCIAL.

CITY MARKET.

RALEIGH, Nov. 21.

APPLES—Green	$2 to $4
" Dried	$3 00
BACON—Hog round	50@60c
" Hams	60@70
BEEF	12½@25
BEESWAX	60@65
BUTTER	50@60
CANDLES—Tallow	$1@1.25
" Wax	$1@1.25
" Adamantine	60
" Sperm	50
CORN—per Barrel	$10
CHICKENS	40@65
COFFEE	33
EGGS	40@50
FLOUR	$14@20
FEATHERS	50@75
FLAXSEED	$3.50@3
HIDES—Dry	60@70
" Green	25@35
LARD	35@40
MOLASSES	$3@3.50
NAILS	45@50
PEAS—Stock	$1 75
" White Table	$2a2 25
RAGS	3c
RICE	10a12¼
RYE	$4 bu
SALT—Ranging from	$20 to 35
SUGAR—Brown	60a75c
" Coffee	80c
" Loaf	none
TALLOW	50a55
WHEAT	$4 50a5

FAYETTEVILLE MARKET.

Nov. 19, 1862.

Bacon 50c.; Lard 35c.; Pork 25c., Beef from Butchers, by the side, 14a15c.; Butter 75a85c.; Eggs 35a40c. per doz., Corn $2 50 per bus.; Cotton 20c for good quality.. Cotton Yarns $4 00a5 00 per bunch of 5 lbs.; Flour $22-00a25 50; Coffee none; Rye $3¼ per bus; Swedes Iron 8c; Nails 25a30; Sound Salt 45c per pound; Peas $2 25 per bus.; 4-4 Brown Sheetings 33a60; Spirits Turpentine 60c per gallon.

ROOMS TO LET.

TWO good unfurnished Rooms to let in a central part of the city, with or without board. Address to this office.
Nov 20—tf

NO. 1 Family Flour,
FRESH BUTTER,
FRESH EGGS,
IRISH POTATOES,
SWEET DO.,
DRIED APPLES,
DRIED PEACHES,
GREEN APPLES,
DRIED PRUNES,
DRIED PLUMS,
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,
PEPPER SAUCE,
MUSHROOM SAUCE,
WALNUT CATSUP,
TOMATO CATSUP,
nov 20-tf at WHITAKER'S.

WANTED.

AN Intelligent reliable Negro Man is wanted for the balance of the year, for whom good wages will be paid. Apply at
Nov. 11. PROGRESS OFFICE.

HOUSE WANTED.

A Small Comfortable Dwelling, not too far from the capitol, is wanted for the balance of the present, and probably the whole of the next year. Any person having such a house to rent will please make it known at PROGRESS OFFICE.
Nov. 11.

SUBSTITUTES.

FOUR good, reliable men, natives, over 45 years of age, can be employed as SUBSTITUTES, for a reasonable price, if immediate application be made at the Army Intelligence Office, Wilmington street, over T. Ferrall's store, opposite Town Hall.
Raleigh, Nov. 18-5t

ARMY INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING SOME EXPERIENCE in Military affairs, notifies the pubic that, for their convenience, they have established themselves in Raleigh for the purpose of advising and aiding all persons who may desire information upon the following subjects relating to the army, to wit:
UPON CONSCRIPTION LAW, EXEMPTIONS, SUBSTITUTES, SOLDIERS' PAY, WIDOWS' CLAIMS, SOLDIERS' DISCHARGE,
And as far as possible the positions of different regiments and the accidents and deaths that may happen in the service.

The office is upon Wilminton Sreet, a few doors below Pullen's Hotel, and immediately opposite TOWN HALL, being the upper room of the Brick Store occupied by P. Ferrall. All communications will be punctually attended to. Address, THOS. JONES & CO,
Box 258 Postoffice.
Nov 11 -dlm

Executive Department North Carolina,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE (Militia),
RALEIGH, Oct. 25, 1862.

General Order, No. 9.

I. THE COLONELS OF THE MILITIA REGIMENTS of this State will immediately direct the Captains to call without delay on every family within their districts for the purpose of purchasing and collecting such articles of Clothing, Blankets, Jeans, Linseys, Shoes, Socks, Leather and Carpets, as may be sold or given for the army in the field.

2. The Captains will keep a list of the articles, and the name of the person from whom purchased or received, and the price. The Colonel will bring these lists and the articles with as little delay as possible to the Quartermaster in this city, when funds will be given to pay for them.

3. All donations for individuals or companies will be received for them, if the names or companies are given, and the articles will be sent to them by the Quartermaster at Raleigh, in charge of special messengers. Those making special donations may be assured that the articles will be given to the parties for whom they intend them.

4. Each Colonel will send to this office a list of the Shoemakers, Tanners and Cloth Manufacturers in his Regiment, with the probable amount each manufactures, pay particular attention to the purchase of shoes and leather, see that none go into the hands of speculators, and seize for the use of the soldiers any of these articles going out of the State, or in the hands of speculators for that purpose.

5. The expenses of the Officers engaged on this duty, and the transportation of the articles will be paid, and any officer who neglects or fails to comply with this order will be court martialled and reduced to the ranks.

By order of Governor VANCE:
J. G. MARTIN, Adj't Gen.
Nov. 14, 1862.

HOTEL FOR SALE.

THE large brick Hotel in Graham, N. C., for sale, to embrace all the furniture in the house.—On the lot there are all necessary outhouses, a well of excellent, never failing water; the best improved garden lot in the town—a commodious brick stable and lot, together with several other lots and houses, if desired. The property is all permanent and good. Any one wishing an up-country residence would do well to call and examine the premises, as the undersigned will take pleasure in showing the property and making terms which will be vastly less than war prices to a ready purchaser.

Possession given first January next.
H. C. TROLLINGER, Ag't
For JNO. TROLLINGER.
Nov. 4, 1862. 3m—4t.

CONFEDERATE STATES GOVERNMENT.

PRESIDENT,
JEFFERSON DAVIS.

VICE PRESIDENT,
ALEX. H. STEPHENS, of Georgia.

Members of the Cabinet.

JUDAH P. BENJAMIN, of Louisiana, Secretary of State.
C. C. MEMMINGER, of South-Carolina, Sec'y of the Treas.
G. W. RANDOLPH, of Virginia, Secretary of War.
S. R. MALLORY, of Florida, Secretary of the Navy.
JOHN R. REGAN, of Texas, Post Master General.
THOMAS H. WATTS, of Alabama, Attorney General.
ROBERT E. LEE, General-in-Chief.

First Permanent Congress.

SENATE.

ALABAMA.	MISSOURI.
Wm L Yancey,	John B Clark,
Clement C Clay.	B S Y Peyton.
ARKANSAS.	NORTH-CAROLINA.
Robert W Johnson,	George Davis,
Chas B Mitchell.	Wm T Dortch.
FLORIDA.	SOUTH-CAROLINA.
A H Magrath,	Robt W Barnwell,
James M Baker.	James L Orr.
GEORGIA.	TENNESSEE.
Benj H Hill.	Langdon C Haynes,
	Gustavus A Henry.
KENTUCKY.	TEXAS.
H C Burnett,	Louis T Wigfall,
Wm E Simms.	W S Oldham.
LOUISIANA.	VIRGINIA.
Edward Sparrow,	R M T Hunter,
T J Semmes.	Wm B Preston.
MISSISSIPPI.	Total number, 26.
Albert G Brown,	
James Phelan.	

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

ALABAMA.		NORTH-CAROLINA.	
Dist.		Dist.	
1.	Thomas J Foster,	1.	W N H Smith,
2.	Wm R Smith,	2.	Robt R Bridgers,
3.	John P Ralls,	3.	Owen R Kenan,
4.	J L M Curry,	4.	T D McDowell,
5.	Francis S Lyon,	5.	Thos S Ashe,
6.	W P Chilton,	6.	Arch'd H Arrington,
7.	David Clopton,	7.	J R McLean,
8.	James L Pugh,	8.	William Lander,
9.	E S Dargan.	9.	R S Gaither,
ARKANSAS.		10.	A T Davidson.
1.	Felix I Batson,	SOUTH-CAROLINA.	
2.	Grandison D Royston,	1.	John McQueen,
3.	Augustus H Garland,	2.	W Porcher Miles,
4.	Thos B Hanly.	3.	L M Ayer,
FLORIDA.		4.	M L Bonham,
1.	R B Hilton,	5.	James Farrar,
2.	James B Dawkins.	6.	W W Boyce.
GEORGIA.		TENNESSEE.	
1.	Julian Hartridge,	1.	J T Heiskell,
2.	Chas J Munnerlyn,	2.	W G Swann,
3.	Hines Holt,	3.	W H Tebbs,
4.	Augustus H Kenan,	4.	E L Gardenshire,
5.	David W Lewis,	5.	H S Foote,
6.	Wm W Clark,	6.	M P Gentry,
7.	Robt P Trippe,	7.	G W Jones,
8.	Lucius J Gartrell,	8.	Thomas Menees,
9.	Hardy Strickland,	9.	J D C Atkins,
10.	Augustus R Wright,	10.	John V Wright,
KENTUCKY.		11.	David M Currin.
1.	G W Ewing,	TEXAS.	
2.	E M Bruce,	1.	John Wilcox,
3.	H W Bruce,	2.	Claiborne G Herbert,
4.	Robt J Breckinridge,	3.	Peter W Gray,
5.	John M Elliott,	4.	F B Sexton,
6.	—— Moore,	5.	Malcom D Graham,
7.	Henry E Reed,	6.	Wm B Wright.
8.	T L Burnett,	VIRGINIA.	
9.	J S Chrisman,	1.	M R H Garnett,
10.	Geo B Hodge.	2.	John R Chambliss,
LOUISIANA.		3.	James Lyons,
1.	Chas J Villere,	4.	Roger A Pryor,
2.	Chas M Conrad,	5.	Thos S Bocock,
3.	Duncan F Kenner,	6.	John Goode, Jr,
4.	Lucien J Dupre,	7.	James P Holcombe,
5.	John F Lewis,	8.	D C DeJarnette,
6.	John Perkins, Jr.	9.	William Smith,
MISSISSIPPI.		10.	Alex R Boteler,
1.	J W Clapp,	11.	John B Baldwin,
2.	Reuben Davis,	12.	Walter R Staples,
3.	Israel Welch,	13.	Walter Preston,
4.	H C Chambers,	14.	Albert G Jenkins,
5.	O R Singleton,	15.	Robert Johnson,
6.	E Barksdale,	16.	Charles W Russell,
7.	John J McRae.	ARKANSAS.	
MISSOURI.		1.	G A Garland,
1.	W W Cook.	2.	Jas M Patterson.
2.	Thomas A Harris,		Total number, 107.
3.	Casper W Bell,		
4.	A H Conrow,		
5.	Thos W Freeman,		
6.	Geo G Vest,		
7.	John Hyer.		

Legislature of North-Carolina.

We give below the list of Senators and Commoners elect to the next General Assembly as far as we have learned them. If any of our friends discover an error, they will oblige us by informing us.

SENATE.

Pasquotank and Perquimans—W. H. Bagley.
Camden and Currituck—D. McD. Lindsay.
Gates and Chowan—Mills L. Eure.
Hyde and Tyrrell—Charles McGleese.
Northampton—Dr. W. S. Copeland.
Hertford—J. B. Slaughter.
Bertie—Capt. Thomas M. Garrett.
Martin and Washington—J. G. Carroway.
Halifax—Mason L. Wiggins.
Edgecombe and Wilson—Jesse H. Powell.
Pitt—Dr. E. J. Blount.
Beaufort—E. J. Warren.
Craven—Nathan Whitford.
Carteret and Jones—Dr. M. F. Arrendell.
Greene and Lenoir—Edward Patrick.
New Hanover—Eli W. Hall.
Duplin—Dr. James G. Dickson.
Onslow—J. F. Murrill.
Bladen, Brunswick, &c.—Capt. J. W. Ellis.
Cumberland and Harnett—William B. Wright.
Sampson—Thomas I. Faison.
Wayne—Wm. K. Lane.
Johnston—C. B. Sanders.
Wake—J. P. H. Russ.
Nash—Capt. A. J. Taylor.
Franklin—Washington Harris.
Warren—Dr. T. J. Pitchford.
Granville—R. W. Lassiter.
Person—James Holeman.
Orange—Hon. William A. Graham.
Alamance and Randolph—Giles Mebane.
Chatham—William P. Taylor.
Moore and Montgomery—Calvin W. Wooley.
Richmond and Robeson—Giles Leitch.
Anson and Union—William C. Smith.
Guilford.—Peter Adams.
Caswell—Hon. Bedford Brown.
Rockingham—Gen. F. L. Simpson.
Mecklenburg—John A. Young.
Cabarrus and Stanly—J. W. Smith.
Rowan and Davie—Dr. J. G. Ramsey.
Davidson—H. Adams.
Stokes and Forsythe—Col. James E. Matthews.
Ashe, Surry, &c.—Isaac Jarratt.
Iredell, Wilkes, &c.—L. Q. Sharpe.
Burke, McDowell, &c.—S. J. Neal.
Lincoln, Gaston, &c.—James H. White.
Rutherford, Polk, &c.—M. O. Dickerson.
Buncombe, Henderson, &c.—William M. Shipp.
Haywood, Macon, &c.—C. D. Smith.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Alamance—R Y McAden, Dr E F Watson.
Alexander—Dr J M Carson.
Anson—Purdie Richardson, R H Burns.
Ashe—J M Gentry.
Bladen—J W Russ.
Beaufort—Hon R S Donnell, Capt. W F Marsh.
Bertie—Dr P T Henry, James Bond.
Brunswick—Daniel L Russell.
Buncombe—John Burgin.
Burke—John Parks.
Camden—W S Harris.
Chowan—M M Barnhardt.
Carteret—John Fisher.
Caswell—[illegible] of the county.
Caswell—S S Harrison, William Long.
Catawba—Geo S Hooper.
Chatham—T B Harris, Lieut. W J Headen, M Q Waddell.
Cherokee—J H Bryson.
Chowan—Lemuel C Bonbury.
Cleaveland—David Beam, J B Logan.
Columbus—W M Baldwin.
Craven—J B G Barrow, Richard Russell.
Cumberland and Harnett—Hon J G Shepherd, Dr Jno. McCormick, Neill McKay.
Currituck—E M Bonner.
Davidson—Dr R E Beall, Henry Walser.
Davie—Henry B Howard.
Duplin—J C Stanford, L W Hodges.
Edgecombe—David Cobb, Robert Bynum.
Forsyth—John P Nissen, Dr E Kerner.
Franklin—A W Pearce, jr.
Gaston—A W Davenport.
Granville—Hon R B Gilliam, Jas S Amis, Capt Eugene Grissette.
Greene—Capt H H Best.
Guilford—M S Sherwood, R W Glenn, W E Smith.
Gates—W H Manning.
Halifax—Dr Henry Joynes, A H Davis.
Haywood—Dr S L Love.
Hertford—J. B. Vann.
Henderson—Alex Henry.
Hyde—E L Mann.
Iredell—T A Allison, John Young.
Jackson—J Keener.
Johnston—Seth Woodall, W H Avera.
Jones—Anthony E Rhodes.
Lenoir—W W Dunn.
Lincoln—A Costner.
Macon—Dr J M Lyle.
Madison—Dr Wallen.
Martin—James Robinson.
McDowell—Lt. W F Craig.
Mecklenburg—John L Brown, E C Grier.
Montgomery—E G L Barringer.
Moore—Alexander Kelly.
Nash—Henry G Williams.
New Hanover—S J Person, J R Hawes.
Northampton—W W Peebles, Capt H Stansill.
Onslow—J H Foy.
Orange—John Berry, W. N. Patterson.
Pasquotank—Gen W R Mann.
Perquimans—Dr Jos H Riddick.
Person—Lt M D C Bumpass.
Pitt—C Perkins, B G Albritton.
Randolph—Jonathan Worth, M S Robbins.
Richmond—Lt Sanders M Ingram.
Robeson—Murdock McRae, Neill McNeill.
Rockingham—W I Gilliam, James Reynolds.
Rowan—F E Shober, N N Flemming.
Rutherford—A R Bryan, J B Carpenter.
Sampson—William Kirby, Thos H Holmes.
Stanly—Layfayette Greene.
Stokes—William Flynt.
Surry—Dr Joseph Hollingsworth.
Tyrrell—Eli Spruill.
Union—C Q Lemmonds.
Wake—William Lawe, G H Alford, Daniel G Fowle.
Warren—Thomas I Judkins, Leonard Henderson.
Washington—(Same as in Carteret.)
Watauga—Wm. Horton.
Wayne—B B Rives, M K Crawford.
Wilkes—E M Wellborn, A H Hampton.
Yadkin—A C Cowles.
Yancy—Lt. M D Young.

STATE OF NORTH-CAROLINA.

CIVIL DEPARTMENT.

ZEBULON B. VANCE, of Buncombe, Governor.
RICHARD H. BATTLE, JR., of Anson, Private Secretary.
RUFUS H. PAGE, of Wake, Secretary of State.
DANIEL W COURTS, of Rockingham, Public Treasurer.
WM. R. RICHARDSON, of Wake, Chief Clerk.
CURTIS H. BROOKS, of Wayne, Comptroller.
D. W. BAIN, of Wake, Clerk.
O. H. PERRY, Librarian.

BOARD OF CLAIMS.

BARTHOLOMEW F. MOORE, of Wake, Chairman.
SAMUEL F. PHILLIPS, of Orange
P. H. WINSTON, JR., of Bertie.

SUPREME COURT.

RICHMOND M. PEARSON, of Yadkin, Chief Justice.
WM. H. BATTLE, of Orange, Associate Justice.
MATTHIAS E. MANLY, of Craven, Associate Justice.
WILLIAM A. JENKINS, of Warren, Attorney General.
HAMILTON C. JONES, of Rowan, Reporter.
EDMUND B. FREEMAN, of Wake, Clerk.
JAMES LITCHFORD, of Wake, Marshall.

At present, the sessions of the Supreme Court are held in the City of Raleigh once a year, commencing on the second Monday in June.

SUPERIOR COURT.

JUDGES.—John L. Bailey, of Buncombe; Romulus M. Saunders, of Wake; Robert R. Heath, of Chowan; George Howard, jr., of Wilson; James W. Osborne, of Mecklenburg; Robert S. French of Robeson; and John Kerr, of Caswell.

SOLICITORS.—Jesse J. Yeates of Hertford, of 1st Circuit; William J. Houston, of Duplin 2d Circuit; Wm. A. Jenkins, of Warren, Attorney General, 3d Circuit; Thos. Settle of Rockingham, 4th Circuit; Robert Strange, of New Hanover, 5th Circuit; W. C. Kerr, of Mecklenburg, 6th Circuit; and Marcus Erwin, of Burke, 7th Circuit.

TO THE LADIES OF RALEIGH.

A LARGE requisition has been made on me for sheets, for our Hospitals in Virginia, and I must appeal to the ladies for assistance. All who are disposed to assist in making sheets for this purpose will please communicate with me immediately at my office. Materials will be furnished by the State.

EDWARD WARREN,
nov 19-dlw Surgeon General of N. C.

SALERATUS for sale.—Enquire at my house. nov 19-3t WM. WHITE.

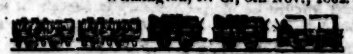
LADIES' AND MISSES' SHOES.

200 PAIRS on consignment, for sale by the lot, at E. L. HARDING'S.
nov 19-3t (Standard copy.)

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

3,000 BUSHELS Charcoal, at Iron and Brass Works, for which the highest cash price will be paid.
nov 15-4t SHAY, WILLIAMSON & CO.

WILMINGTON & WELDON R. R. COMPANY,
Wilmington, N. C., 8th Nov., 1862.



THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of Eleven (11-100) per cent., on the unappropriated profits of the Road on and after the 1st January next, at the office of the Treasurer. Transfer Book will be closed after 20th December.
nov 18-1w L. H. DeROSSET, Secretary.

TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

THE Undersigned has in press, and will shortly publish, a work entitled
"SURGERY FOR CAMP, FIELD, AND HOSPITAL."
Those disposed to become subscribers will please forward their names to the author, at Raleigh, N. C.
EDWARD WARREN,
nov 13-d1m Surgeon General of N. C.

GEN. R. E. LEE'S BODY GUARD.

A SPLENDID Chance for enlisting in a select corps.
$50 BOUNTY AND $28 PER MONTH.
Fine horses and splendid equipments furnished to every recruit.
Please address me or call at the office over P. Ferral's store, Wilmington street, Raleigh, N. C.
S. VANN LARKINS,
Nov. 18-10t:7 Recruiting Officer.

One day	$ 75	One month	$ 2 50
Two days	1 00	Two months	4 00
Three days	1 37	Three months	5 00
Four days	1 75	Four months	12 00
Five days	2 00	Six months	20 00
One week	2 50	Twelve months	30 00

Twelve lines or less count a square, and additional squares will be charged the same.

Cash will be demanded from all persons except where special contracts are made. When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement.

LOCAL DIRECTORY.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Jos A Moore, Clerk Superior Court; W H Moore, Deputy.
J J Farrell, Clerk County Court.
R G Lewis, Clerk and Master in Equity.
W H High, Sheriff; Geo W Norwood and R H Shaw, Deputies.
Hilliard Hudson, Register.
F J Hutchins, Trustee.
—— Hassey, Crier of Court.
Richard C Badger, Attorney.
Pendal Beves, L B Seagraves, Surveyors.

CITY OFFICERS.

Mayor—W H HARRISON;—Salary, $600.

COMMISSIONERS.

Eastern Ward—W C Upchurch, L T Clayton, David L Royster.
Middle Ward—R W Haywood, P J Pescud, R H Battle.
Western Ward—W H Tucker, Jas Dodd, T H Briggs.
City Treasurer—W C Upchurch.
Clerk to the Board—J J Christopher.
First City Constable—J J Betts.
Assistant Constable—N V Denton.
Weigh Master—F King.
City Police—Wm C Parker, E Johnson, M Earp, Wm Beves.
District Constable——— Womble.
Sexton—Osborne Holt.

RAILROADS.

This is a correct schedule of the arrival and departure of the Mail and Accommodation trains at the Raleigh depot:

NORTH CAROLINA RAILROAD.

MAIL TRAIN—Arrives 4.55, a. m.—Leaves 5.30, p. m.
" " 5.04, p. m.—Leaves 5.30, p. m.
ACCOMMODATION TRAIN—Arrives 7.30, a. m. and leaves at 8.00, a. m.
" " " 4.58, p. m., leaves 5.20, p. m.

The accommodation train is not run on Sundays.

RALEIGH AND GASTON RAILROAD.

MAIL TRAIN—Leaves 5.30, p. m.—Arrives 8.00, p. m.
ACCOMMODATION TRAIN—Leaves 6.30, p. m.—Arrives 7.00 p. m.

No accommodation train leaves for Weldon on Sunday and none arrives from Weldon on Monday morning.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS, POST-OFFICE AT RALEIGH, N. C.

NORTHERN MAIL Opens daily at 6, p. m.
Eastern do do " at 6, p. m.
Western " " " at 7, a. m.
Southern " " " at 6, p. m.
Fayetteville " " " at 7, a. m.

Eagle Rock Mail Opens on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 12, m.
Carthage Mail Opens on Thursdays and Sundays at 7.00, a. m.
Roxboro' Mail Opens Wednesdays at 11, a. m.
Leachburg Mail opens Wednesdays at 12, m.
Summerville Mail Opens Fridays at 5, p. m.
Northern Mail Closes daily at 9, p. m.
Eastern " " " at 9, p. m.
Western " " " at 4, p. m.
Southern " " " at 4, p. m.
Fayetteville Mail Closes daily at 6, p. m.
Eagle Rock Mail Closes Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 2, p. m.
Carthage Mail Closes Tuesdays and Thursdays at 4, p. m.
Roxboro' Mail Closes Wednesdays at 1, p. m.
Leachburg Mail Closes Wednesdays at 1, p. m.
Summerville Mail Closes Fridays at 7, a. m.

Office open for the delivery of Mail from 7, a. m., to 7.30, p. m., during the week. On Sunday, from 8 to 9, a. m., and from 6 to 7, p. m.

The public are required to transact their business during office hours. GEO. T. COOKE, P. M.
Nov. 11, 1862.

HOTELS.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
HILLSBORO' STREET, RALEIGH, N. C.

HAVING PURCHASED THE PROPERTY IN THE City of Raleigh, recently occupied by Major Phillips, and known as "Phillips' Hotel," I have opened it for the accommodation of the public under the name and style of EXCHANGE HOTEL.

The extensive improvement now going on, and which will be completed as soon as possible—the erection of new buildings and the thorough overhauling and renevating of old ones—will render the Exchange convenient and comfortable; and the proprietor is determined that its management and internal arrangements shall be such as to compare favorably with the first class hotels of the country.

The table will be abundantly supplied with the best the market and the country affords, and no efforts or expense will be spared to render the house in every respect a comfortable home to its guests.

The Exchange is located on Hillsboro' street, some two hundred yards west of the Capitol.

Thirty to forty large and commodious rooms will be ready for occupation by the assembling of the Legislature.

A liberal share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. Give us a call and we will endeavor to treat you well.

Omnibuses will be in attendence at the cars to convey passengers to and from the Exchange.
W. H. CUNINGGIM, Proprietor.
L. BRANSON, Superintendent.
Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 11, 1862.

RANGER HOUSE,
WEST SIDE OF RAILROADS:
Goldsboro', N. C.
Right Hand Side Going South. *Left Hand Side Going North.*
MEALS READY ON ARRIVAL OF THE CARS.
ATTACHED,
One of the best Barber Shops.
The public may expect
GOOD FARE,
Attentive Servants, accommodating officers, with every other comfort found in a SOUTHERN HOTEL!
T. A. GRANGER,
(Late of the Atlantic House, Beaufort, N. C.,)
Jan. 16 *Proprietor.*

BREAKFAST, Dinner and Supper House,
GOING NORTH, BREAKFAST 7.15, A. M.,
DINNER GOING SOUTH, 2½, P. M.,
GOING NORTH SUPPER 6.10, P. M.
MRS. GRISWOLD'S HOTEL,
GOLDSBORO', N. C.
Right Hand Side going NORTH—Left Hand Side going SOUTH.
Baggage taken to and from the Railroad free of charge. Passengers stopping at this Hotel may rely on good Fare, good Rooms, and every comfort that can be had.
An addition of sixteen large, comfortable and well-furnished rooms, renders it as complete as any establishment in the State.
A good Barber Shop is attached to the Hotel.
☞ Meals ready on the Arrival of the Cars. ☜
☞ The Cars leave daily.
nov 11 SUSAN A. GRISWOLD & CO.

OFFICE OF SURGEON GENERAL OF N. C.,
November 12, 1862.

THE following articles are required for the benefit of our sick and wounded soldiers:
SHOES, SOCKS, HATS, COATS, PANTS, DRAWERS, LEATHER, SHOE THREAD, SHOE MAKING LASTS, (from No. 6 to 12, inclusive,)
BUTTONS, COTTON CLOTH, FLANNEL POTATOES, BRANDY,
BUTTER, EGGS, &C.

Proposals will be received at this office for a proper supply of them. Those able and willing to contribute them, will please address the undersigned.
EDWARD WARREN,
nov 13-1m Surgeon General of N. C.

DAILY

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 12, 1862.

The Yankee army and government know that they are disgracefully defeated and vanquished if they do not advance and still they hesitate. By the latest accounts we are assured that there is no fleet in James River, and has not been recently. The stream, too, by way of the Rappahannock seems to belong to us. Why is this? Is it that Burnside, like McClellan, is determined to fritter away the season without a fight, for fear of his encounter with Gen. Lee? They have no lack of men, and can put as many in the field as they please, but wait to let the winds of equinox blow and Lee's horses, etc., die, that they may, for they have not only their own inexhaustible material but the markets of the world to supply themselves from. Why then, don't the Yankee Army of the Potomac advance? A delay of a few more weeks and all is over, until the spring, as far as the two great armies of Virginia are concerned.

Poor Burnside, what is he to do? He has taken the command upon the condition that he was to advance, and he appreciates that if he hesitates, he is damned in the eyes of his own people, and that if he advances he will be whipped, and be disgraced in the eyes of the world. A few days ago we were almost certain that an attack would be made on Richmond very soon, but now, basing our impression upon the news we receive from Richmond and the North, we are almost ready to speculate that no attempt will be made on our capital during the winter. The idea of taking Richmond by way of James river, with gun boats, is perfectly absurd, and the Yankees know it, and their only chance to reach it is by marching boldly forward and whipping Gen. Lee. Strategy will not do, for McClellan tried that, and Burnside must whip Lee, or Richmond stands. Can he do this?—Can any Yankee army that the enemy can put in the field overpower the veteran hosts of Gen. Lee and march into Richmond? We believe not. The effort may be made, may be made very soon, but we do not believe that the enemy will ever possess themselves of Richmond so long as the heroic legions that fought at Seven Pines, Malvern Hill, Boonsboro' and Sharpsburg defend it. Let the authorities guard well the lines of connection, and prevent any flank movement or surprise by the enemy on the south side of James River, or in the Roanoke country, and all will be well, for the army of General Lee will never surrender the Capitol, and the enemy can never bring an army against him that can conquer him and take it.

We may be mistaken, but our impression is that no general advance will be made upon Richmond this winter, if not made in the next few days. The enemy will swarm however all along our own coast and important events may be looked for in our State. If the enemy do not advance in heavy force from Newbern, Washington or Plymouth, we may expect constant raids by marauding, thieving parties all through the exposed counties, and millions of property will be endangered, if not lost. We trust however that the vigilance of our authorities and the activity of our troops will be sufficient to protect all our people.

The Editor of the Progress has no reply to make to the scurrilous attack on him in the *State Journal* of yesterday. Our explanation yesterday will justify our course, relative to the message, before all fair-minded men. The *Progress* has higher aims and loftier purposes than the making of a reputation by personal abuse and the employment of coarse and vulgar language.

We shall not allude to this matter again, but if it will be any gratification to our real friends to know that there is a continual and unprecedented rush for the *Progress* we can assure them such is the fact; and we pledge ourselves to continue to labor to make it worthy of the general favor which it everywhere receives.

Turner's Almanac.—We have received Turner's Almanac for 1863, which may be had wholesale and retail, at Turner's Book Store in this city. It was printed at the *Register* office and the mechanical execution is very creditable to that establishment.

Want Information.

We have seen a number of gentlemen of wealth and influence in the last few days from Eastern counties and we find, by conversation with them, a general testimony as to the course they ought to pursue.—Some of them think it best to move with such of their property as they can transport, to the up-country at once, while others think it best to remain where they are. Our own views on this subject have already been explained, and we have no cause to change them. The idea of the whole people east of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad moving themselves and all they have to the western part of the State, with the present imperfect means of transportation, is perfectly absurd; and even could they accomplish this change of location the policy of doing so is very questionable, for if we compel, indeed, them where they are we cannot protect them under the Blue Ridge itself. And if they come to the up country without their provisions with them, their chance of supporting themselves and theirs until they can make another crop is very poor indeed.

The Legislature is looked to for action in this matter, and we hope it will act at once, and instead of asking the people of the East to come to the West, let it place a force at the disposal of the Governor adequate in connection with the assistance that may be received from the Confederate government to protect them. Our whole people expect this, and they will be satisfied with nothing less, and the Assembly must do its duty or abide the indignation of an outraged people. Other States have forces for their own defence, and there is no reason why we should not have it. The people expect it and implore it, and in behalf of our suffering friends in the East, we demand it. Let the suggestions of the Governor be acted upon at once, and such steps taken as will afford relief to a people that have a right to expect it. The Legislature met on Monday last at 12 o'clock, by the Speaker.

Yesterday's Journal was read and approved.

Mr. Smith presented the credentials of Mr. Shipp, Senator elect from the 20th Senatorial District, and on his motion, Mr. Shipp was qualified and took his seat.

Mr. Ramsay, moved a reconsideration of the vote, by which the joint rules were adopted. Carried.

On Mr. Ramsay's motion, a message was sent to the House, proposing the reconsideration of the report on joint rules. Concurred in.

Mr. Waddell introduced a resolution, instructing the Judiciary Committee to enquire into the expediency and necessity of establishing an additional Judicial Circuit.

Mr. Sharpe, a resolution instructing the Finance Committee to impose a tax on dogs, over one, owned by any one person, of not less than $5 each.

Mr. Lassiter introduced a resolution, approving the course of His Excellency the Governor, in his efforts to properly clothe the troops from this State.

Mr. Matthews introduced a resolution, relative to the condition of North Carolina Troops, now in the Confederate service.

Mr. Lassiter, a bill to prevent speculation in corn, bacon, flour, leather, &c.; (the bill imposes a tax of 25 per cent upon net income.) Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Lassiter introduced a bill, to amend capt. 101 sec. 9th, Revised Code, relative to working public roads. Referred.

Mr. Lane introduced a resolution to prevent the distilling of grain, (keeps in force the ordinance of the Convention on the same subject, during the war.

Mr. Lane also introduced a resolution relative to the protection of Eastern North Carolina. The former was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and the latter to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Smith, of Anson, introduced a resolution in favor of Tho's. Smith. Refunds amount overpaid in taxes.

Mr. Dickson, introduced a bill, to secure the property of married women. Read the first time, and on motion of Mr. Slaughter, was ordered to be printed and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

On Mr. Wright's motion, the vote adopting the rules for the government passed yesterday, was reconsidered.

Mr. Wright said, that the object he had in view, was to propose to amend the same by striking out that portion of the same as required the Speaker to appoint a Military Committee. Such was not necessary, as the joint rules required a joint standing of the same character, and a separate Committee was therefore unnecessary. The requirement was stricken out, and the rule as amended adopted.

Mr. Sharpe, a bill to repeal an Act of the last Session, changing the Jurisdiction of the Courts of the State, and the rules of pleading. Referred.

On Mr. Sharpe's motion, a Committee of three was appointed to collect and put in form for printing, the amendments made to the State Constitution by the late Convention. Messrs. Sharpe, Hall and Young, constitute the Committee.

Mr. Young, introduced a bill to amend the Charter of the Atlantic, Tennessee and Ohio Rail Road Company. Read first time, ordered to be printed, and referred to Committee on Internal Improvements.

A message was received from the House of Commons, proposing to go into an election at 12 o'clock, to-day, for one Engrossing Clerk. Proposition concurred in, and Mr. Wright nominated Walter A. Huske, of Fayetteville, and Mr. Simpson, Lewis W. Joyner, of Franklin County. A message was then ordered to be sent to the House, informing that body of the Senate's concurrence, and that the above named gentlemen were in nomination.

A message was received from the House transmitting Documents accompanying the Governor's message, with a proposition to have the same printed. Concurred in.

Mr. Hall presented a recommendation, signed by the members from New Hanover, for the appointment of Mr. Thos. C. Miller, a Justice of the Peace for that county.

Mr. Hall, said that this was a little irregular, but the past Chairman of the Court of his county, had been recently made vacant, by the death of the former occupant; it was the wish of the citizens that the gentleman proposed should fill the place, and as the Court would soon meet it was desirable that the appointment should be made at once. The recommendation was then concurred in, and a message sent to the House asking the concurrence of that body.

Mr. Ellis introduced a bill to provide clothing for North Carolina Troops, and for other purposes. Ordered to be printed and referred to a select Committee, composed of Messrs. Ellis, Young, Lane, Carraway and Powell.

A message was received from the House concerning the appointment of Mr. Thos. C. Miller, a Justice of the Peace for New Hanover County, and one informing the Senate that the House would vote on return of the messenger, for Engrossing Clerk. The Senate then proceeded to vote, Messrs. Wright and Faison being appointed to superintend the same.

Mr. Lane introduced a bill. to amend Revised Code, increasing the bond of Sheriffs to $50,000.

Mr. Wright reported the result of election for Engrossing Clerk. Mr. Huske having received 104 of 137 votes cast, was declared duly elected.

On motion of Mr. Matthews, Senate adjourned until 11 o,clock to-morrow.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

THURSDAY, Nov. 20th, 1862.

The House was called to order at 11 o'clock, A. M.

Prayer by the Rev. Thos. E. Skinner, of the Baptist Church.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The Speaker announced the following standing Committees:

ON THE JUDICIARY.

Messrs. Donnell, Fowle, Person, Fleming, McAden, Waddell, Shober, McKay, Robbins, Holmes and Bunbury.

ON EDUCATION.

Messrs. Shober, Carson, Manning, Bost, Russel, of Craven, Hawes, Henderson, Sherwood, Barringer, Hooper and Lyles.

ON INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.

Messrs. Fleming, Mann, of Pasquotank, Love, Joyner, Stanford, Baldwin, Pearce, Harrison, Beall, Brown and Gentry.

ON CLAIMS.

Messrs. Burgin, Vann, Dunn, Foy, Ross, Laws, Reynolds, Hayden, Grier, Hampton and Bryson.

ON AGRICULTURE.

Messrs. Russell of Brunswick, Robinson, Davis, Rhodes, McNeill, Alford, Gilliam of Rockingham, Greene, Lemmonds, Welborne and Lyles.

ON PROPOSITIONS AND GRIEVANCES.

Messrs. Allison, Keener, Walser, Forbes, Cobb, Rives, McRae, Patterson, Watson, Costner and Bernhardt.

ON PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS.

Messrs. Amis, Henry, of Bertie, Perkins, Crawford, McCormick, Judkins, Nixon, Harris, of Chatham, Harris, of Cabarrus, Hollingsworth and Wallace.

ON PRIVATE BILLS.

Messrs. Cowles, Ayers, Boyd, Davenport, Hunt, Hodges, Howard, Horton, Stancill, Logan, Kirby, Parks, Carpenter and Young, of Yancy.

House branch of the Joint Standing Committees.

Messrs. Bowie, Fowle, Donnell, Stancill and Cowles, on enrolled bills.

Messrs. Bunn, Byrum, and Bryan, on engrossed bills and written opinions.

Messrs. Stanley, Bryson, Bynum, Hinsdale and Love, on swamp lands.

Messrs. Perkins, Spruill, Mann, of Hyde, Baxter and Smith, on the deaf, dumb and blind asylum.

Messrs. McCormick, Sherwood, Wilson, Keener and Young, of Iredell, on the lunatic asylum.

Messrs. Carson, Glenn, Riddick, Hawes and Richardson.

Mr. Albritton, representative from Pitt County, appeared and was qualified.

Mr. Waddell introduced a resolution to refer a petition of the Governor's Message relating to Patrols, to a select Committee. Adopted.

Mr. Bell, a bill authorising the Governor to employ troops upon the State Defences. Read, ordered to be printed and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Glenn, a resolution requiring the performance of patrol duty by militia officers. Referred to the Committee on military affairs.

Mr. Lyles, a bill to incorporate a company for the manufacture of leather, saddles, etc., in Macon county. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

On motion of Mr. Waddell a message was sent to the Senate, proposing the election of an Engrossing Clerk at 12 o'clock, m.

The Senate concurred by message announcing that Messrs. Walter R. Huske and Louis W. Joyner, were in nomination in that body.

Mr. Cowles introduced a bill to abolish the office of State Geologist. Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

Mr. Walser, a bill to prohibit sales for specie, under executions by sheriffs and constables, until the banks renew specie payments. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A message was received from the Senate requesting the concurrence of the House in the appointment of Mr. Thos. C. Miller, of New Hanover, as a Justice of the Peace for that county. Concurred in.

Mr. Ayers introduced a bill concerning the magistrates of Johnston county, [a quorum for the transaction of county business constitutes fifteen.] Referred to the Committee on private Bills.

Sundry bills and resolutions heretofore introduced were taken up and referred to appropriate Committees.

The House proceeded to execute the joint order for the election of Engrossing Clerk, and voted as follows:

Mr. Huske received 74 votes.
Mr. Joyner received 23 votes.

Mr. Kerner offered a resolution in favor of Jno. L. Fisher, authorizing the Secretary of State to correct an error in a State grant. Referred to the Committee on Private Bills.

Mr. Waddell from the Committee to superintend the election of Engrossing Clerk, reported as follows: Whole number of votes cast 137, of which Mr. Huske received 104, Mr. Joyner 30.

Mr. Amis introduced a resolution proposing to appoint a select Committee to inquire as to the expediency and propriety of establishing a State Printing Office. Laid on the table.

The House then adjourned.

The Fever in Wilmington.

The *Journal*, which resumed its regular issue on Monday last, has a long and painfully interesting record of the rise and progress of the fever in that town. The deaths from the commencement of the disease up to the date of the summing up, 17th Nov. are given as follows:

Died in town (white)	500
" " (colored)	189
" out of town (white)	30
	680
Deduct for usual mortality from other causes	26
	654

This is indeed a sad record, and deeply do we sympathize with the people who have been so greatly afflicted. Nearly every family mourns its loved ones who have been cut down by the great destroyer, and their only consolation is the hope that they have passed to a better world.

Salt Again.—John C. Washington, Esq., who has just returned from Saltville, to look after a supply of salt for Lenoir county, says that half a supply for the State is out of the question. He says that Mr. Woodfin, the State Commissioner, has done all that human power could enable him to do, and more than he was physically justified in doing, to meet the State's requirements, but has failed from causes wholly beyond his control. He has worked all the pans he could command, and the result is very far from what he desired. Mr. Washington has sold a few more pans to Mr. Woodfin, which will be immediately put to work, but we tell the people of the State to besir themselves and make out their supply elsewhere.

The works of the State cannot average more at present, it appears, than from 600 to 700 bushels a day. Some forty working days only remain till Christmas, and allowing 1,000 bushels per day to be made, we have 40,000 bushels, which is all that can possibly be had towards the minimum supply of 300,000, inclusive of the considerable quantity already furnished.—*Spirit of the Age.*

A Substitute for Shoes.—An able and experienced citizen has called our attention to the subject of the use of cowhide moccasins as a substitute for shoes. He states that when he moved to the Mississippi, fifty years ago, no shoes were to be had for the negroes, and they made their own out of this material, which answered the purpose as well as the more elaborately made article, and in some respects better. The process is simple; take a green cowhide, or one well soaked, with the hair on—which is to go next to the foot—"put the foot down firmly" upon it, and cut out the pattern desired, make the necessary holes along the edges, and lace it with a thong of the same material at the heel and up the instep. Let it dry upon the foot, and it accommodates itself perfectly to the shape of the latter, while it is sufficiently substantial for all kinds of traveling, and its elasticity is preserved by use. Socks should be put on when it is made though it can be worn without, and such allowance be made for shrinking so as to avoid too tight a fit. The moccasin, it is scarcely necessary to observe, adapts itself to the shape of the foot, and the fit is perfect. It outwears leather, and is not hard, as some might suppose, but quite the reverse. If desired, it can be half soled with the same material. The hair lining gives the advantage of warmth, so that socks, when not to be had, can be better dispensed with when moccasins are used than if shoes were worn.

The person to whom we are indebted for this suggestion says that he has mentioned the subject to soldiers, who are very much pleased with it, and say there is no reason why soldiers should go barefoot while so many hides are thrown away in camps.

We think the idea a valuable one, and would be glad that every newspaper in the Confederacy would lend its aid in giving it circulation.—*Mobile Register.*

The Cincinnatti "Gazette," of the 21st ult., understands that the Federal General, Granger, has an army of forty thousand men between Cincinnatti and Lexington, which is moving rapidly forward.

Dead.—We regret to learn that Mrs. Roland, whose leg was amputated on account of injuries sustained by the late accident on the R. & G. Railroad, died in this city yesterday. She bore her sufferings with heroic fortitude and died with unshaken confidence in her Redeemer.

The Confederate Losses.—"P. W. A.," the correspondent of the Savannah *Republican*, gives the following as what he believes to have been the losses of the Confederates in the battles named:

Our loss in killed and wounded at Fort Donelson may be roughly estimated at 3,500; at Roanoke and on the North Carolina coast, 600; at Elkhorn, 3,500 at Shiloh, 10,000; at Williamsburg, Seven Pines, and before Richmond, 20,000; in the valley of the Shenandoah, 5,000 at Cedar Run, 1,200; at the second battle of Manassas, 6,000; at Boonston and Crampton Gaps, 4,000; at Sharpsburg, 10,000; at Corinth, 4,000; at Perryville, 3,000; and 5,000 for those who have fallen at outposts, in skirmishes, &c. These figures added together make the frightful sum of 75,000! Of this number it would be safe to say that one-third, or 25,000 are now in their graves, having either been killed outright or died from their wounds. Quite as many—probably more—have died from sickness. To this should be added 25,000 more for those who have been maimed, and whose health has been ruined for life. Thus our losses in ten months of the present year may be estimated at 75,000 men, who have either perished or been disabled: If the whole truth were known they would probably reach 100,000 by the end of the year, for the deaths from disease, in the hospitals, in camp, and at home, generally exceed those in battle. For every year the war continues we must expect our casualities to be quite as heavy as they have been the present.

A Resolute Lady.—As incident to the Yankee raid, which deserves a special paragraph, was the conduct of Mrs. James J. Ford. The servant boy of this lady was engaged in removing the woolen from the factory of her husband at the upper end of main street, when the goods, with the boy, were captured. So soon as the fact reached Mrs. F., she, without waiting for her carriage, started off running and held this speed until she overtook the Yankees, had an interview with the Major commanding and recovered her boy. The Major's reply to her application for the boy being, "We do not want him, madam, but you cannot get him unless he wants to return." It is needless to say the boy wanted to return.—*Fred. Recorder.*

Arrested.—A Yankee, with papers on his person showing that his name is Sam'l. R. Saulsbury and that he is a soldier in the Thirty-Second Regiment, Ohio Volunteers, was arrested on the line of the Piedmont Railroad and brought to this place on Saturday last, and after an examination was had of the matter he was placed in the county jail. He claims to be a deserter. That he fell out, and deserted from his regiment when in the neighborhood of Winchester, Va., with the object of delivering himself to the Confederate authorities, by whom he would be paroled and allowed to return to his home in Mansfield, Ohio.—But from the fact of his having a discharge from one of the Richmond hospitals, and the circuitous route he was taking to find the Confederate authorities to surrender himself to, the presumption is, that so far from being a deserter, he is a regularly dispatched emissary sent South for the commission of such deeds as only Yankees are capable of, and to act the spy generally. There is no enumerating the number of such characters all through the country; nor can the people be too vigilant in watching for them and arresting them. Let every stranger be required to give an account of himself. Such a course can result in no harm and will be the means of detecting numbers of men who are straggling over the country as spies and emissaries of the Lincoln government.—*Greensboro' Patriot.*

The Louisville "Journal" says: Very great were the wars of Cæsar, Alexander and Napoleon, but we shall probably conclude after a little talk with the tax gatherers, that this is the war for our money.

Death of a Venerable Patriot.—Parker Craig, a distinguished citizen of Kentucky, whose entire property had been confiscated or destroyed by the Federals, died at Knoxville, Tenn., last week. In his last moments he said to his friends:

"If Kentucky shall ever cease opt and join the Confederacy, then place my body by the side of my old, valued friend, Henry Clay. But if it does not, let me remain a refugee in the land of Tennessee."

You [illegible] Nov. 11th, 1862.

[illegible] opinions of the [illegible] on the great need of blankets among our soldiers. Besides the fact that many of them leave by the army last winter have been [illegible] of our brave soldiers [illegible] there were at this season last year. So much the more necessary for covering to render them as well comfortable during the winter is greatly inadequate.

Meantime, the heroic mothers of the South have the means, and, thank heaven, the spirit, to contribute largely towards the relieving of this deficiency, so soon as a proper way is opened to them. There are thousands of families that can, and will more than cheerfully, furnish one or more blankets for the use of soldiers in the field, substituting at home, if necessary, covering for the [illegible] use of [illegible] curtains, surplus carpeting, &c. Let it be proposed, then, *that organizations be formed in every State of the Confederacy, and in every county and neighborhood, for collecting blankets* to be thus contributed, *for conveying them* to the Quartermaster General in Richmond, with a descriptive record of their number, value, and the names of the donors, and *for whatever other measure* may be requisite towards a right application of patriotic generosity to relieve so pressing a want.

What is done on the subject ought to be done promptly and with vigor. The Yankee, on mischief bent as he is now, despairing of subjugating us by honorable arms, gloats over the idea of reducing us by cold, starvation, and servile butchery. Let us, with united heart and energy arise ready and unfaltering, show him what a noble people, relying on the end of truth, can do, under all disadvantages, in resisting aggression, and defending their honor and their homes. To this end one of the first conditions is a blanket or two for each gallant Southerner who will have to lie out this winter, guarding his country against threatened destruction.

The case is too obvious to need many words. It is therefore committed, with this brief suggestion, to your friendly endorsement in some conspicuous column of your paper, and to the considerate attention and generous action of the people. Dispatch.

All other papers approving the proposal are requested to give currency to this appeal, with such additional remarks as they may think best.

John Van Buren is getting still bolder. He praises the courage of Southern men as shown in the Revolution and the Mexican wars, and tells Lincoln to his face that it is folly to talk of Southerners running when they are defending their wives and children.

President Lincoln is reported to have made the following reply to an inquiry as to how he felt about the election in New York: "Something like the boy in Kentucky, who stubbed his toe while running to see his sweetheart. The boy" said he "was too big to cry and far too badly hurt to laugh."

Noble Act.—The Legislature of Alabama, on Saturday passed a bill appropriating two millions of dollars for the relief of the indigent families of soldiers from that State.

Salt Petre.—The Hillsboro' *Recorder* says:

We have hitherto neglected to notice, that under the auspices of the C. S. Nitre Bureau, the manufacture of Salt Petre has been commenced at this place. It is under the management of A. C. Murdock, Esq., and promises to be successful. We understand that last week he collected one hundred pounds, and as he has now nearly perfected his arrangements, he expects hereafter that the quantity will be largely increased. His success has already greatly exceeded our highest expectations.

Donations for the Soldiers.—Many persons in the State are ready to contribute what they can spare in clothing, shoes, blankets, &c., for the benefit of the soldiers of North-Carolina, provided they can be made certain that the articles sent will reach their destination. We have taken some pains to ascertain how this can be done, and the following is the result of our inquiries. These arrangements may be relied upon:

1. Governor Vance has ordered the Captain of every militia district in the State to call upon each family in their several districts, to purchase or collect what they may be willing to give to the North-Carolina soldiers, blankets, jeans, linseys, leather, shoes, socks, carpets and clothes ready made, to be delivered by the Colonel of the regiment to the Quartermaster in Raleigh, to be forwarded by him to the proper regiment or company.

2. Besides this, the people of one or more Captain's districts, if their donations are sufficiently large to justify it, may select a gentleman whom they may prefer to carry on their donations to the regiment or company, and the State will furnish the transportation and pay the necessary expenses of the agent.

3. All articles donated should be carefully put up in packages, bags, boxes or barrels, and they should be legibly directed to the soldier or company for whom they are intended, naming the company and regiment, and if possible the brigade.

4. Persons who wish to send articles to any soldier or company, but who do not find it convenient to deliver it to the Captain of their district, or to a special Agent, by directing it carefully as above, may deliver it to the nearest Railroad Agent, directed to the care of Captain C. W. Garrett, Quartermaster at Raleigh, N. C., and it will be promptly forwarded.

5. All articles intended for sick or wounded soldiers, or for hospitals, must be carefully directed, and sent to the care of Surgeon General Warren, Raleigh, N. C.

Nov. 11, 1862.—tf

PAYMENT OF STATE BOUNTY DUE DECEASED SOLDIERS.

Executive Department, North-Carolina,
Adjutant General's Office,
Raleigh, October 17th, 1862.

General Orders, No. 9.

THE FOLLOWING REGULATIONS ARE PUBlished for the information of those persons wishing to draw bounty of deceased soldiers in accordance with an ordinance of the Convention ratified the 23d day of February, 1862:

REGULATIONS.

1. The payment of bounty to the representatives of deceased soldiers is based upon the certificate of the Commanding officer of the company, who will state the time of the enlistment of the soldier, the date of his decease in service, the amount of bounty already paid by the State and the company and regiment to which he belonged.

2. The claimant will make affidavit before a Magistrate that he or she is the next of kin to the deceased, according to the provisions of the foregoing ordinance of the Convention, and that there is no other person entitled to make claim. The affidavit of the claimant must be corroborated by that of two disinterested witness, that the facts stated are correct within his own knowledge, and that he has no interest in the claim. The Magistrate administering the oath will certify to the credibility of the witness, and the clerk of the County Court will certify, under seal, that he is an authorized and acting Magistrate.

3. If the claimant or claimants be minors, payment will be made to the guardian upon the production of the proper certificate under the seal of the Court of his appointment and the sufficiency of his bond—the claim to be proved by him as in other cases.

4. A bounty of fifty dollars, deducting the bounty that may have been previously paid, is due to all persons who may have volunteered for three years or the war, and to all persons mustered into or continued in service under the provisions of the conscription act.

By order of Governor VANCE:

J. G. MARTIN,
Adjutant General.

Nov. 11, 1862. 1—2t.